Meeting of the Wisconsin State Bar Association, Editorial Comments

C. J. Boileau
MEETING OF THE WISCONSIN STATE BAR ASSOCIATION

The Wisconsin State Bar Association will hold its annual meeting at Fond du Lac on June 27, 28, and 29, 1922. The Marquette Law Review realizes the great work that has been accomplished by the Wisconsin State Bar Association in the past, and further realizes the great work that the association can do in the future. It is with this realization that we desire to express our sincere hope that the coming conference will be as successful as the previous conferences have been in the matter of promoting the best interests of the legal profession.

EDITORIAL COMMENTS

Ethics is of the essence to a proper professional education. There is a vast difference between being educated in one's profession and being educated for one's profession. Lawyers are to be commended for their unceasing efforts to acquire further knowledge of the law. In this respect most lawyers do their share to maintain the dignity of the legal profession. Only comparatively few members of the bar neglect their education in the profession to the extent that they become a detriment to their community because of their lack of legal learning. It
is a lamentable fact that more lawyers neglect their education for their profession, and as a result cause a grave injustice to be done to the legal profession and to all persons with whom they chance to deal. This class of lawyers fail in their duties as lawyers—they disregard the high standards of professional ethics and, by their failure, bring odium upon the entire legal profession. Dean Max Schoetz, Jr., suggests the only remedy for this situation in his address entitled, "The Ethical Aspect of Professional Education."

Gilbert E. Brach, of the Racine Bar, warns of a great danger that hovers over us; he states that we have an element within our political system far more dangerous than the Radicals or the Reds; he affords us much food for thought in his essay, entitled, "Is There Danger Ahead?" Mr. Brach handles his subject in a manner which shows that he has been a diligent and observing student of our social, political, and economical problems.

"Finality of Orders and Decrees of the County Courts of Wisconsin in Probate Matters" is a technical subject ably handled by Professor Willis E. Lang. In his treatise he gives us an exhaustive review of the Wisconsin authorities on the subject.

"Wisconsin is the first state in the union to give women equal rights with men under the law." This new law affords a new field for legal interpretation, and in an article entitled, "Women's Rights in Wisconsin," Miss Mabel Search discusses the subject from the viewpoint of one vitally interested and with knowledge of what the law intended to obtain for women. Miss Search was very active in promoting the bill, prior to its passage, and is well versed in the opinions of those who favored the bill, as well as those who opposed its passage.

A subject upon which the courts of the various jurisdictions are divided, is an excellent topic for legal discussion. Such a subject is treated in this issue in a very interesting manner by James T. Krock. His article is entitled, "Stockholder's Right to Sue for Wrongs to Corporation Committed Prior to His Acquisition of Stock."

L. E. Vaudreuil discusses the "Liability of the Father for Torts Committed by the Son while Using the Father's Auto-
mobile," in a very thorough and comprehensive treatise. He shows how the Supreme Court of Wisconsin attaches liability to the father by applying the rule which makes a master liable for the acts of his servant.

The editors of the Law Review trust that the articles appearing in this issue will prove to be both beneficial and interesting to all of its readers.

G. J. Boileau, Editor-in-chief.